Small Lake Enhancement Feasibility Study

Vancouver Island

M.U. 1-4

Quamichan Lake

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Fisheries Branch
Ministry of Environment
Victoria, British Columbia
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1. INTRODUCTION

Quamichan Lake is a high use lake with limited natural recruitment. The lake is estimated to presently support 2,000 angler days annually. Recent hatchery records (1980-85) indicate the lake is stocked annually with up to 10,000 yearling cutthroat throut (Salmon clarki clarki).

On July 2 and 3, 1985, Fisheries Improvement Unit personnel conducted a biophysical assessment of Quamichan Lake and associated tributaries as part of a small lake enhancement feasibility study in M.U. 1-4. The purpose was to assess the feasibility of enhancing a natural fish production in small lakes with public road access, and to provide a preliminary prescription for fisheries enhancement.

2. LOCATION AND PUBLIC ACCESS

Quamichan Lake is located about 3 km east of Duncan (Figure 1). Map and air photo reference numbers are 92B/13E and BC 7760:127, respectively. A municipal park on the south shore provides public access to Quamichan Lake. A boat launch and picnic sites are provided for day use. No campsites are available.

3. LAKE MORPHOMETRY

A reduced bathymetric map of Quamichan Lake is presented in Figure 2. Quamichan Lake is a large, shallow lake of approximately 313.4 surface ha situated at an elevation of 30.5 m. The shoal area encompasses 55% (172.2 ha) of the lake's surface area. A new bench mark was established on a large rock at the north end of the island and measured 1.0 m above water level on July 2, 1985. Maximum depth measured in July, 1985 was 7.5 m, compared with 8.25 m measured on May 2, 1972.

4. INLET AND OUTLET STREAMS

The lake has one major outlet stream, Quamichan Creek, a tributary to the Cowichan River. This stream is considered marginal for salmonid spawning because of minimal velocities and soft mud or peat substrate. The low

gradient, slough-like habitat likely does not provide significant recruitment of trout to Quamichan Lake.

Inlet streams, MacIntyre and Elkington Creeks, were dry during July, 1985. These seasonal streams at the north end of the lake likely provide limited recruitment to Quamichan Lake with spawning occurring during the late winter high flow period (R. Ptolemy, pers. comm.).

5. WATER QUALITY

Quamichan Lake is eutrophic with high nutrient levels. Water chemistry results are included as Appendix I. The lake has a T.D.S. of 70-76 mg/L, a pH of 7.5-8.0 and a Secchi depth of 2.0 m recorded on July 2, 1985. The lake was not stratified on July 2 (Appendix II). Water temperature ranged from 21.5°C at the surface to 19.5°C at 7.5 m depth. Surface and bottom dissolved oxygen measurements were 10.0 and 0.10 ppm, respectively.

6. FISH SPECIES PRESENCE, DISTRIBUTION AND GROWTH

A standard 6-panel experimental monofilament gill net was set in Quamichan Lake near its north end and fished for 3 hours. Six cutthroat trout and five brown bullheads ($\underline{Ictalurus}$ $\underline{nebulosus}$) were captured. The gill net report provides length, weight, and age data (Appendix III). Cutthroat trout up to 34.5 cm were captured with the following length-age characteristics: 34.5 cm - 3+, 33.3 cm - 3+, 28.1 cm - 2+, 28.0 cm - 2+ 27.3 cm - 2+, 23.7 cm - 2+.

7. RECRUITMENT POTENTIAL vs. THEORECTICAL CAPACITY

The theoretical annual capacity of Quamichan Lake is 36,710 yearling trout resulting in approximately 22,000 catchable fish (Facchin 1983). To sustain an annual fishery providing 2,000 angler days with a success rate of 0.9 fish/angler day and a 30% exploitation rate, the lake would have to be stocked with 10,000 yearling fish.

Low natural recruitment potential is attributed to limited spawning habitat area.

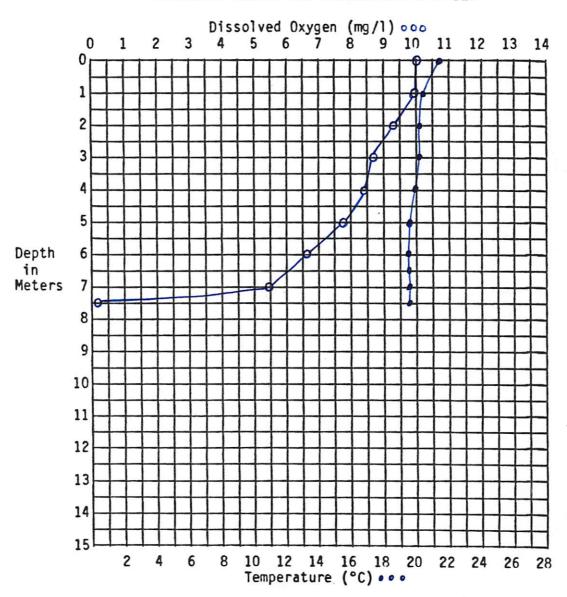
8. PROPOSED ACTION

Enhancement opportunities to improve natural recruitment are very limited. Continued hatchery stocking of Quamichan Lake with yearling cutthroat trout is recommended.

APPENDIX II - Dissolved oxygen and temperature profiles for Quamichan Lake

Quamichan Lake (July 2, 1985)

DISSOLVED OXYGEN AND TEMPERATURE PROFILE



APPENDIX III - Gillnetting report for Quamichan Lake.

LAKE GILLNETTING REPORT

LAKE NAME: QUAMICHAN MANAGEMENT UNIT: /-4 LAT./LONG.: 48°48'0"/123°40'0" LAKE NUMBER: /04006 LOCATION: 3km from Duncan UTM: NTS MAP: 928/13E SURVEYED BY: YAWORSKI/GRIFFITH SURVEY DATE: 85-07-03 REPORT PREPARED BY: YAWORSKI REPORT DATE: 85-11-28 NETTING METHODS Floating/ Length/Mesh NET # IN Date&Time OUT Date&Time Sinking, or? Size & Order Standard 1100hr 850703 1500hr 850703 SKETCH OF NET LOCATIONS

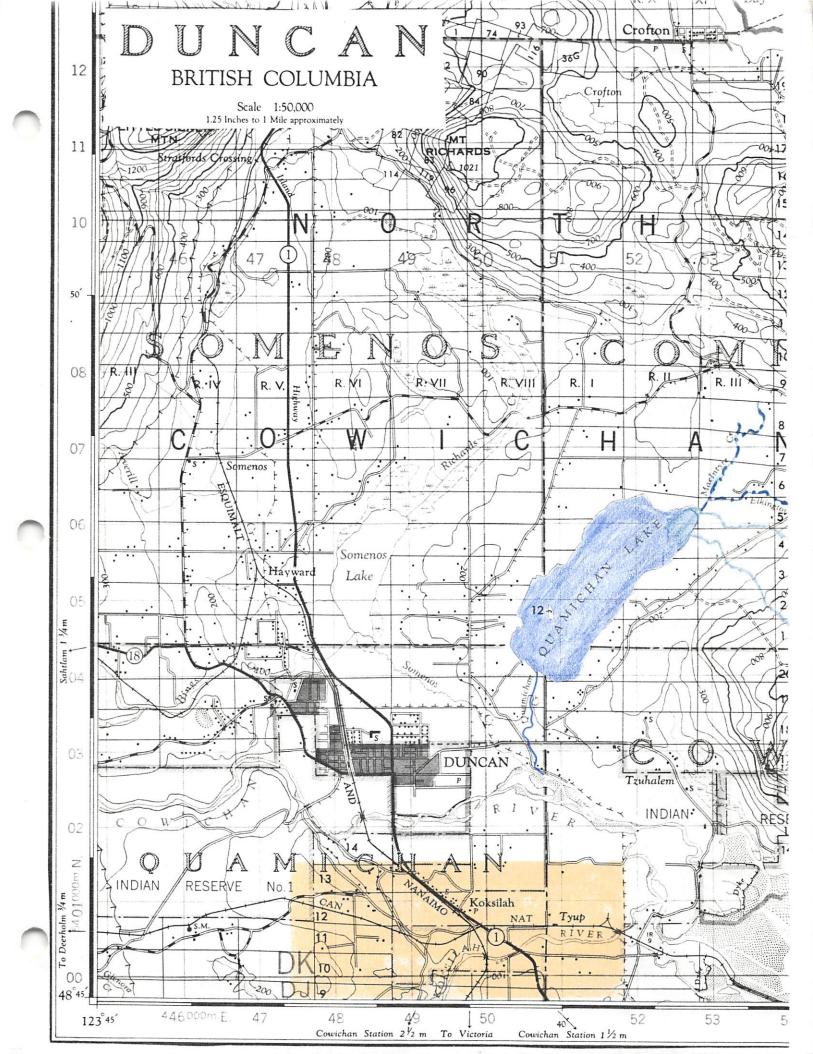
LAKE GILLNETTING REPORT CONTINUED

LAKE NAME OR NUMBER: Quamichan

REPORT DATE: 85-11-28

RESULTS (group fish by species & clips)

		_	•	•				
Net#	Species	Length (mm)	Weight(gm)	Sex	Maturity	Clips	Scale Taker	Comments
/	Br. Bullhe	nd. 223	159.0					
		220	159.4					
		216	147.6					
		310	360++					
		104					-	
						l		
	CT	273	214.5					
		281	• •				- -	-
		237					1 1	2+
		333						2+
		345					1	3+
		280					1 1	3 +
		200					~	2+
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APPENDIX I - Water quality analysis for Quamichan Lake (July 2, 1985).

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Fish & Wildlife Br. - Fish Program ATTN: YAWORSKI B A

om :85/07/03:0000 To :85/07/03:0000 Depth Range 0.5 0.0 Tide Sample State Fresh Water Sample 85005362					
Parameter Description	Analytical Technique	Result	Units		
p H	pH Meter	8. 0	pH units		
Residue Filterable	Gravimetric 105C	70	mg/L		
Conductance Specific	Cond. Meter Siebold	123	uS/cm		
Nitrogen Organic-Tot	Calculated Result	0.56	mg/L		
Nitrogen Kjel. Tot(N)	Block Dig. Auto. Color	0.60	mg/L		
Nitrogen Total	Calculated Result	0.60	mg/L		
Nitrogen Amm. Diss(N)	Automated Bertholot meth	0.036	mg/L		
Nitrogen NO3+NO2 Dis	Auto. Cadmium Reduction	< 0.02	mg/L		
Phosphorus Total	Dig. Auto. Ascorbic Acid	0.034	mg/L		

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY Report for form 00008346

Fish & Wildlife Br. - Fish Program ATTN, YAWDRSKI B A

Tide e 85005362	.5 O.O	:85/07/03:0000 Depth Rande 0	om :85/07/03:0000 To Sample State Fresh Water
et in!	Result	Analytical Technique	Parameter Description
avino Nq	() ./)	set off Hq	
.1_)m	70	Gravimebric 1050	Residue Filterable
ma/Su	123	Cond. Meter Siebold	Conductance Specialc
"A\pm	0.56	Calculated Nesult	Microgen Organic-Tot
4\gm	<u>0</u> 4.0	Block Dig. Auto. Color	Mitrogen Kjel Tot(d)
mg/L	0. 50	Calculaved Passit	Nitrogen Total
_lNgm	0. 036	Automated Dertholot meth	Nitrogen Ama Diss(N)
ANpm	SO 0 >	Auto. Cadmiem Reduction	Nitrogen NOS+NO2 Dis
$_{a}J\Sigma_{B}m$	ASO .0	Dig. Auto Ascarbic Acid	Phosphorus Towal

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Fish & Wildlife Br. - Fish Program ATTN: YAWORSKI B A

om :85/07/03:0000 To : Sample State Fresh Water	85/07/03:0000 Depth Range 6.		Tide 85005363
Parameter Description	Analytical Technique	Result	Units
рН	pH Meter	7. 4	pH units
Residue Filterable	Gravimetric 105C	76	mg/L
Conductance Specific	Cond. Meter Siebold	130	uS/cm
Nitrogen Organic-Tot	Calculated Result	0.36	mg/L
Nitrogen Kjel. Tot(N)	Black Dig. Auto. Color	0.58	mg/L
Nitrogen Total	Calculated Result	0.58	mg/L
Nitrogen Amm. Diss(N)	Automated Bertholot meth	0. 224	mg/L
Nitrogen NO3+NO2 Dis	Auto. Cadmium Reduction	< 0.02	mg/L
Phosphorus Total	Dig. Auto. Ascorbic Acid	0. 121	mg/L

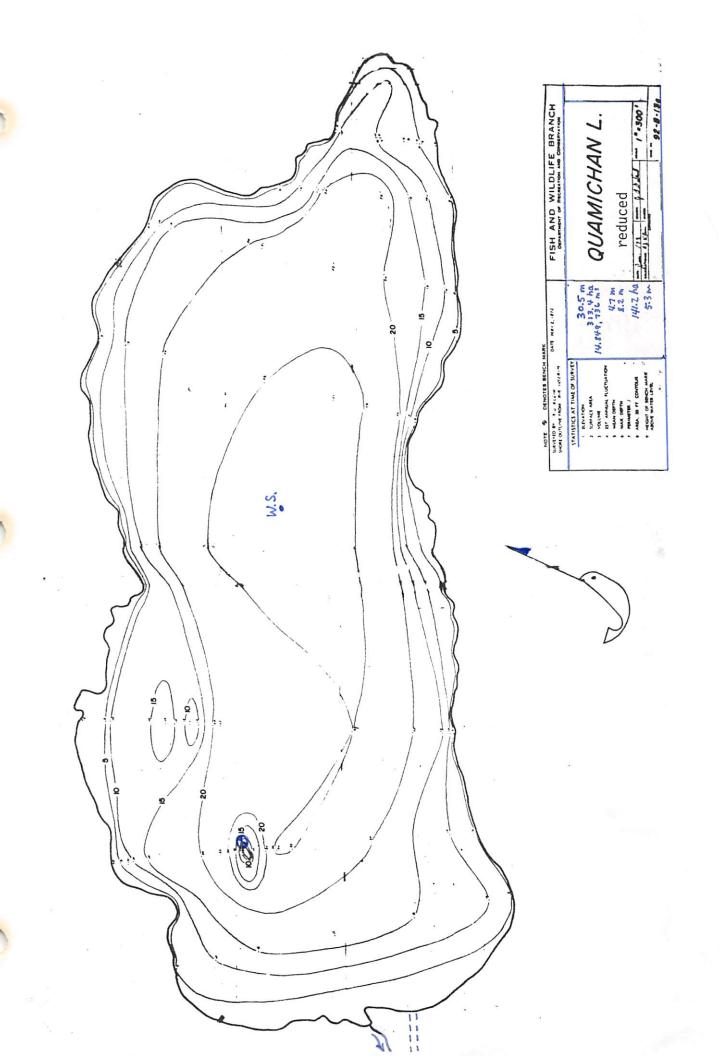


Figure 2 - Morphometric map of Quamichan Lake.